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AudioTag Application Programming Interface (API)

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2. Introduction

AudioTag API is designed to allow full automation of music identification queries to the AudioTag recognition engine. The API allows integrating AudioTag music recognition functionality with 3rd-party systems, services and software applications.

The API is available at <u>https://audiotag.info/api</u>.

The API functionality can be used only by registered AudioTag users. Each API call requires authentication. The authentication is done using a special "API access token" representing a key (sequence of symbols) unique to every AudioTag user. Users can obtain the access keys in the control panel of their AudioTag account, under API menu (<u>https://user.audiotag.info</u> -> "API keys" tab)

The use of AudioTag API is regulated by AudioTag "Terms of Use" (<u>https://user.audiotag.info/terms_of_use</u>). Each user utilizing AudioTag API must make sure that his use of AudioTag API functionality fully complies with the AudioTag terms of use.

User's account is charged for certain API operations according to the standard AudioTag pricing (<u>https://user.audiotag.info</u> -> "Balance" tab).

3. Functionality and API calls

3.1. Overview

AudioTag API is available at <u>https://audiotag.info/api</u>.

All API queries must be performed via HTTP(S) protocol using HTTP POST method.

Each query must include the user's unique API access token (key). The key must be valid and active. The user can manage his access API keys in the control panel at his AudioTag account, under API menu (<u>https://user.audiotag.info</u> -> "API keys" tab). Keys can be created, deleted, activated and deactivated. API queries can be done only using valid and active keys.

API response represents textual data in a form of JSON string. Example:

{"success":true,"status":"normal","api_ver":"2.5","action":"info"}

3.2. API keywords

AudioTag API operates with query keywords listed in Table 1.

Each API query must include the 'apikey' keyword with corresponding API access token (key) data. The supplied key must be valid and active. You can manage the API keys at your AudioTag account, under API menu (<u>https://user.audiotag.info</u> -> "API keys" tab).

Each API query must include the 'action' keyword with corresponding data specifying the requested action.

Table 1. API query keywords

API keyword	Туре	Description
apikey	string	API access key (token). The key must be valid and active.
		Each API query must include the 'apikey' keyword with corresponding data.
action	string	Specifies requested API query action.
		Each API query must include the 'action' keyword with corresponding data.
		The following actions can be requested:
		- 'stat' – request for statistics on the API key usage. Refer to the Table 4.
		 'info' – request for API status
		 'identify' – request to perform acoustic recognition of audio file
		 'get_result' – get audio recognition results
file	binary	User's audio file intended for recognition.
		The file transfer must be performed as Content-Type "multipart/form-data".
		The following file formats are accepted: wma, wav, opus, ogg, mp3, mp2, m4a,
		flac, amr, alac, aiff, aif, aac, 3gpp, 3gp.
		Maximal file size is 100 Mb.
		This keyword must be used only as part of the 'action:identify' query.
start_time	number	Time-point (in seconds) from the beginning of the file to start the identification
		from. Default: 0 seconds (from the very beginning of the file).
		This keyword can be used only as part of the 'action:identify' query.

time_len	number	duration to identify (in seconds), starting from the 'start_time'. Default: till the end of file. This keyword can be used only as part of the 'action:identify' query.
token	string	Unique identification query token returned by the server upon acceptance of the 'identify' request. This keyword must be used only as part of the 'action:get_result' query.

3.3. API error codes

AudioTag API returns errors via a dedicated 'error' field. The full list of errors is listed in the.

Table 2. API error list

Query / action	Error description			
all types of queries	'invalid command or parameter' – wrong or unrecognized API keyword or query			
	type			
	'api key expired' – API access token (key) has expired			
	'api key inactive' – API access token (key) is inactive; only active API keys can be			
	used to make queries.			
	'api key unrecognized' – wrong/non-existing API access key			
	'api key invalid or empty' – API access key was not specified or wrong			
	'service temporarily not available' – the API service is not available at the moment			
	'internal error: no server response'			
	'internal error: server init error'			
action:info	'internal error'			
action:stat	'api key stats not found'			
action:identify	'credit balance exhausted' – not enough credit point on the user's balance to			
	complete the action			
	'audio file: no audio found, format invalid or unsupported' – the file has no audio			
	track or file format could not be converted/recognized			
	'audio duration is too short' – cannot process the file due to its short playback			
	duration			
	'credit balance insufficient or exhausted' – not enough credit point on the user's			
	balance to complete the action			
	'internal error: could not communicate to the recognition server'			
	'internal error: could not process the file'			
action:get_result	'invalid token or no recognition results found for the token' – provided			
	identification query token is not found or expired			
	'internal error: server recognition error'			
	'internal error: server is not ready'			

4. API queries and examples

This section provides comprehensive details on AudioTag API and a list of ready-to-use examples on PHP and Python.

Please note that the examples shown below use exemplary API access token (key). You must replace the access token with your own created under your account.

4.1. Getting API information, testing connection

API information can be requested using 'action:info'.

A comprehensive list of keywords returned by the 'action:info' query is provided in the Table 3.

Table 3. 'action:info' reply keywords

Keyword	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Query result: true or false
status	string	'normal'
api_ver	string	Current version of the AudioTag API
action	string	ʻinfo'

Example 1. PHP example code of 'action:info':

```
<?php
```

```
$url = 'https://audiotag.info/api';
$apikey = 'a45d46d912acf22f095ddf0a94df21e5'; # generate and place here your unique API access
key, the key must be 'active'
$action = 'info';
$ch = curl init();
$args=[
       'apikey' => $apikey,
       'action' => $action
];
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POST, 1);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_URL,$url);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_RETURNTRANSFER,true);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYHOST, 0);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER, 0);
curl setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POSTFIELDS, $args);
$Result = curl_exec ($ch);
curl_close ($ch);
var_export($Result);
?>
```

Example 2. Python example code of 'action:info' (Python 2.7):

```
import requests
import json
apikey = 'a45d46d912acf22f095ddf0a94df21e5'; # generate and place here your unique API access key,
the key must be 'active'
payload = {'action': 'info', 'apikey': apikey}
result = requests.post('https://audiotag.info/api',data=payload)
print(result.text)
json_object = json.loads(result.text);
pretty_print = json.dumps(json_object, indent=4, sort_keys=True)
print(pretty_print);
```

Example server replies:

Successful:

```
{"success":true,"status":"normal","api_ver":"2.5","action":"info"}
```

Erroneous:

{"success":false,"error":"api key unrecognized"}

4.2. Getting account statistics

Account statistics can be requested using 'action:stat'.

A comprehensive list of keywords returned by the 'action:stat' query is provided in the Table 4.

Table 4. 'action:stat' reply keywords

Keyword	Туре	Description
expiration_date	string	Expiration date and time of the API key
queries_count	number	Total count of API queries made using this key
uploaded_duration_sec	number	Total audio duration of audio files passed to identification
		using this key
uploaded_size_bytes	number	Total size (in bytes) of files passed to identification using this key
credits_spent	number	Total amount of credit points spent using this key
current_credit_balance	number	Current credit balance on account owning this key
identification_free_sec_remainder	number	Remaining budget of free seconds to analyze

Example 3. PHP example code of 'action:stat' (PHP v5.5 and up):

<?php

```
$url = 'https://audiotag.info/api';
$apikey
          = 'a45d46d912acf22f095ddf0a94df21e5'; # generate and place here your unique API access
key, the key must be 'active'
$action = 'stat';
$ch = curl_init();
$args=[
       'apikey' => $apikey,
'action' => $action
];
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POST, 1);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_URL,$url);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_RETURNTRANSFER,true);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYHOST, 0);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER, 0);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POSTFIELDS, $args);
$Result = curl_exec ($ch);
curl_close ($ch);
print_r($Result);
?>
```

Example 4. Python example code of 'action:stat' (Python 2.7):

import requests
import json

apikey = 'a45d46d912acf22f095ddf0a94df21e5'; # generate and place here your unique API access key, the key must be 'active'

```
payload = {'action': 'stat', 'apikey': apikey}
```

```
r = requests.post('https://audiotag.info/api',data=payload)
```

```
print(r.text)
j = json.loads(r.text);
print(j)
```

Example server replies:

Successful:

```
{"current_credit_balance":0,"identification_free_sec_remainder":1704,"expiration_date":"2022-05-15
19:06:12","queries_count":23,"uploaded_duration_sec":96,"uploaded_size_bytes":1058656,"credits_spent
":0,"success":true}
```

Erroneous:

{"success":false,"error":"api key unrecognized"}

4.3. Audio identification request

Audio identification is performed using 'action:identify'. The following API keywords are used to form the identification query: 'apikey', 'action', 'file', 'start_time', 'time_len'. Refer to the list of API keywords in the Table 1.

The file transfer must be performed as Content-Type "multipart/form-data".

Native audio format used by the AudioTag engine is RIFF wave (.wav), PCM, 16 bit, 8 KHz, mono. The following file formats are also accepted and are converted internally: wma, wav, opus, ogg, mp3, mp2, m4a, flac, amr, alac, aiff, aif, aac, 3gpp, 3gp. Please note that the file you upload must have one of the extensions from the list.

<u>It is highly recommended</u> to upload only the AudioTag's native wave-files (PCM, 16 bit, 8 KHz, mono). It puts less load on the AudioTag server and leads to faster API reaction on your recognition requests. You can use FFmpeg (open-source tool) to convert other audio file formats into AudioTag's native format by executing the following command:

ffmpeg -i input_file.ext -ar 8000 -ac 1 -vn coverted.wav

If you want to recognize unknown music track please keep in mind that sending the entire track for recognition is suboptimal. <u>Optimal duration for uploaded audio is 15-30 seconds</u> – it is usually enough for the recognition engine. Recognizing music tracks by their short fragments represents the most optimal approach as it saves credit points on your account and does not occupy the recognition server.

Minimal file duration accepted by the API is 5 seconds.

Maximal file size is 100 Mb.

The communication with the AudioTag server is done asynchronously in the sense that the client should not stand by waiting for the identification result in response to the 'action:identify' query. Instead of the identification result, in response to the query the client immediately receives a unique token (identifier) of the server job it created and can finish the connection with the server. The token should be used with another query, namely, 'action:get_result' accompanied with the token ('token:token') in order to check the identification process (job) status and get identification data in case the audio recognition result is ready.

Upon requesting 'action:get_result', the client receives a 'result' which can take the following values:

- 'wait' recognition is still in progress
- 'found' recognition finished, identification data is provided with data under 'data' keyword
- 'not found' recognition finished, the audio could not be recognized

The token and the recognition data associated with it is valid for 5 minutes from job creation time.

A comprehensive list of keywords returned by the 'action:identify' query is provided in the Table 5.

| Keyword | Туре | Description | |
|---------|---------|--|--|
| success | boolean | Query result: true or false | |
| token | string | Unique token (identifier) of the identification request to be used
'get_result' query | |

Table 5. 'action:identify' reply keywords

with the

| error | string | Error description, refer to the Table 2. In case of error, the 'job_status' keyword is be absent, and the 'success' value is 'false'. |
|------------|--------|---|
| job_status | string | 'wait' |
| start_time | number | Effective time-point (in seconds) from the beginning of the file where the identification starts. |
| time_len | number | Effective duration that is going to be analyzed by the server (in seconds) |

Example 5. PHP example code of 'action:identify' (PHP v5.5 and up):

```
<?php
$url = 'https://audiotag.info/api';
$apikey = 'a45d46d912acf22f095ddf0a94df21e5'; # generate and place here your unique API access key,
the key must be 'active'
$action = 'identify';
$filename = 'gazebo_12s.wav';
$args=[
    'apikey' => $apikey,
    'action' => $action,
    'file'
           => curl_file_create($filename, 'application/octet-stream', $filename),
];
$ch = curl_init();
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POST, 1);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_URL,$url);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_RETURNTRANSFER,true);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYHOST, 0);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER, 0);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POSTFIELDS, $args);
$Result = curl_exec ($ch);
curl_close ($ch);
var_export($Result);
?>
```

Example 6. Python example code of 'action:identify' (Python 2.7):

```
import requests
import json
filename = 'gazebo_12s.wav'
api_url = 'https://audiotag.info/api'
apikey = 'a45d46d912acf22f095ddf0a94df21e5'; # generate and place here your unique API access key,
the key must be 'active'
payload = {'action': 'identify', 'apikey': apikey}
result = requests.post(api_url,data=payload,files={'file': open(filename, 'rb')})
print(result.text)
json_object = json.loads(result.text);
pretty_print = json.dumps(json_object, indent=4, sort_keys=True)
print(pretty_print);
```

Example server replies:

Successful:

```
{"success":true,"error":null,"token":"c5c7f4aa2affc79d39439f2fbe5bebe6","start_time":0,"time_len":12
,"job_status":"wait"}
```

Erroneous:

{"success":false,"error":"audio duration is too short"}

4.4. Requesting audio recognition result

In order to receive audio recognition result, the client has to perform 'action:get_result' query using the token obtained from the 'action:identify' query.

A comprehensive list of keywords returned by the 'action:get_result' query is provided in the Table 6.

| Table 6. | 'action:get_ | _result' | reply | keywords |
|----------|--------------|----------|-------|----------|
|----------|--------------|----------|-------|----------|

| Keyword | Туре | Description | |
|---------|---------|--|--|
| success | boolean | Query result: true or false | |
| error | string | Error description, refer to the Table 2. In case of error, the 'job_status' keyword is be absent, and the 'success' value is 'false'. | |
| result | string | 'wait' - recognition is still in progress 'found' - recognition finished, identification data is provided with data under 'data' keyword 'not found' - recognition finished, the audio could not be recognized | |
| data | array | Array of objects. The object structure has the following elements: 'confidence' – confidence of the candidate in % 'time' – time-interval relative to the beginning of the analyzed audio file where the candidate is recognized 'tracks' – array of objects in which each object contains records in the following order: 'track name' 'artist name' 'album name' 'album year' Refer to the below example server reply showing successful recognition result. | |

Example 7. PHP example code of 'action:get_result' (PHP v5.5 and up):

```
<?php
```

```
$url = 'https://audiotag.info/api';
```

```
$apikey = 'a45d46d912acf22f095ddf0a94df21e5'; # generate and place here your unique API access
key, the key must be 'active'
$action = 'get_result';
$token = '5a3cd8d32a8a616e5cd28703012ed1de'; # query token received in reponse to the
action:identify request
```

\$ch = curl_init();

```
$args=[];
$args['apikey'] = $apikey;
$args['action'] = $action;
$args['token'] = $token;
```

```
$n=1:
while (n < 100) # query the server periodically, not more than 100 times
      $n++:
      usleep(500000); # delay 0.5sec between calls (not required but recognition takes some time to
the server
      curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POST, 1);
      curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_URL,$url);
      curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_RETURNTRANSFER,true);
      curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYHOST, 0);
      curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER, 0);
      curl setopt($ch, CURLOPT POSTFIELDS, $args);
      $Result=curl_exec ($ch);
      if(!$Result){
          echo "error accessing the server\n";
          exit();
      }
      $Result = json_decode($Result,true);
      if(!empty($Result['success']) && $Result['result']!='wait'){
          break;
          the server has returned result $Result['data'] - see description of the "data" object
       #
      }
      if(empty($Result['success'])){
          break;
       #
          error occured
      }
       # otherwise -- query the server again
       # example of server response in case the recognition result is not yet ready and still awaits
processing in the server's queque
       # {
# "success":true,
":pull,
           "error":null,
           "result": "wait",
       #
       # }
}
curl_close ($ch);
if(empty($Result['success']) || empty($Result['data'])){
 echo "Server could not recognize the file\n";
  echo "Error: ".$Result['error']."\n";
}
var_export($Result);
?>
```

Example 8. Python example code of 'action:get_result' (Python 2.7):

```
import requests
import json
import time
apikey = 'a45d46d912acf22f095ddf0a94df21e5'; # generate and place here your unique API access key,
the key must be 'active'
token = '9bd30fc62ab4cbc9016070e9904b25ef'; # query token received in reponse to the
action:identify request
url = 'https://audiotag.info/api';
n=1;
while n < 100 :
    time.sleep(0.5) ;
    print('request:%d'%(n));
    n+=1;
```

This document is confidential and intended for registered AudioTag user only.

Example server replies:

```
Finished / Successful:
```

```
{
  "success":true,
  "error":null,
  "result":"found",
   "data": [
            {
                "tracks": [
                    [
                         "Hello Mr. Monkey",
                         "Arabesque",
                         "Grand Collection",
                         2001
                    ],
                     [
                         "Arabesque - Hello Mr. Monkey",
                         "Various - Disco, New Wave",
                         "All Stars Disco (3 & 4)",
                         2001
                    ]
                ],
                "confidence": 321,
                "time": "100 - 200"
           },
            {
                "tracks": [
                    [
                         "Hello Mr. Monkey",
                         "Arabesque",
                         "Arabesque-II (City Cats)",
                         1979
                    ]
                ],
                "confidence": 285,
                "time": "100 - 170"
            }
            ]
```

Finished / could not recognize:

"success":true,

}

{

```
"error":null,
    "result":"not found",
}
```

Erroneous (result is not ready yet):

```
{
    "success":true,
    "error":null,
    "result": "wait",
}
```

Erroneous:

```
(
    "success":true
    "error":null
    "result":"invalid token or no recognition results found for the token"
)
```

4.5. Complete example of audio file recognition

A complete example of the audio recognition process using 'action:identify' and 'action:get_result' is list below.

Example 9. PHP example code of the complete audio recognition cycle (PHP v5.5 and up):

```
<?php
$url = 'https://audiotag.info/api';
$filename = 'gazebo 12s.wav';
$apikey = 'a45d46d912acf22f095ddf0a94df21e5'; # generate and place here your unique API access
key, the key must be 'active'
$action = 'identify';
$ch = curl_init();
$args=[];
$args['apikey']
                    = $apikey;
$args['action']
                    = $action;
$args['start_time'] = 20; # start recognition with offset of 20 sec from the beginning of the file
$args['time_len']
                    = 50; # analyze only 50 seconds from the start point
$args['file']
                    = curl_file_create($filename, 'application/octet-stream', $filename);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POST, 1);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_URL,$url);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_RETURNTRANSFER,true);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYHOST, 0);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER, 0);
curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POSTFIELDS, $args);
$Result=curl_exec ($ch);
curl_close ($ch);
# if curl_exec returns false - request to the server failed
if($Result===false){
  echo 'Server does not responding';
  echo ' or file not found';
  exit();
}
echo $Result;
$Result = json_decode($Result,true);
if(!$Result)
    exit('error');
# $Result variable contains object with keywords:
#
               'success' [boolean true|false],
               'token' [sting token],
#
               'job_status' [string "wait"],
#
               'error' [string error],
#
 Exemplary reply (object in the $Result variable):
#
#
 {
#
     "success":true,
     "error":null,
#
     "job_status": "wait",
#
     "token": "fe57a3d3f9615891fe33e6b5ddaa540c"
#
# }
if($Result['success'] && $Result['job_status']=='wait'){
    $args=[];
```

```
$args['apikey'] = $apikey;
    $args['action'] = 'get_result';
$args['token'] = $Result['token'];
    $n=1;
    $job_status = 'wait';
    $ch = curl_init();
    while($n < 100 && $job_status=='wait'){ # query the server periodically, not more than 100 times
        usleep(500000); # delay 0.5sec between calls (not required but recognition takes some time
to the server
        echo "\n request: $n \n";
        $n++;
        curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POST, 1);
        curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_URL,$url);
        curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYHOST, 0);
        curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER, 0);
        curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_RETURNTRANSFER,true);
        curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_POSTFIELDS, $args);
        $Result=curl_exec ($ch);
        if($Result===false){
          echo "request error\n";
          exit();
        }
        if($Result === false)
            break;
        $Result = json_decode($Result,true);
        if($Result && $Result['success']){
            $job_status = $Result['result'];
        }else{
            break;
        }
    }
    curl_close ($ch);
var_export($Result);
?>
```

Example 10. Python example code of the complete audio recognition cycle (Python 2.7):

```
import requests
import json
import time
filename = 'gazebo_12s.wav'
apikey = 'a45d46d912acf22f095ddf0a94df21e5'; # generate and place here your unique API access key,
the key must be 'active'
payload = {'action': 'identify', 'apikey': apikey, 'start_time':20, 'time_len':50}
result = requests.post('https://audiotag.info/api',data=payload, files={'file': open(filename,
'rb')})
print(result.text)
result_object = json.loads(result.text);
print(result_object);
```

```
if result_object['success']==True and result_object['job_status']=='wait' :
    token = result_object['token'];
    n=1;
    job_status = 'wait';
    while n < 100 and job_status=='wait':</pre>
        time.sleep(0.5) ;
        print('request:%d'%(n));
        n+=1;
        payload = {'action': 'get_result', 'token':token, 'apikey': apikey}
        result = requests.post('https://audiotag.info/api',data=payload)
        print(result.text);
        result_object = json.loads(result.text);
        print(result_object);
        if result_object.has_key('success') and result_object['success']==True:
            job_status = result_object['result'];
        else:
             break;
else :
    print ('not success');
pretty_print = json.dumps(result_object, indent=4, sort_keys=True)
print(pretty_print);
```

5. Contacts

If you have questions on error reports, you can drop an email to the following e-mail address: mailbox@audiotag.info